

*Covenant Theology*  
“The Davidic Covenant”

I. Introduction

A. The political landscape of the USA.

1. Not conducive to understanding the context of the Old Testament.

II. What is the Davidic Covenant?

A. David is no stranger to the Christian.

1. Examples.

B. Yet, we know little of him except his rise and reign as king.

1. Examples.

C. “The Davidic Covenant is God’s promise to David that s\_\_\_\_\_ and s\_\_\_\_\_ his kingship.”

1. It is central to God’s plan to redeem His people.

III. Biblical Description.

A. II Samuel 7.

1. Parallels I Chronicles 17.

2. Covenant made without using the term “covenant”, yet it is clearly in use.

a. II Samuel 23:5

3. Further note: II Chronicles 13:5; 21:7; Isaiah 55:3; Psalm 89:3; Psalm 132:11; II Kings 8:19; Jeremiah 33:20-21.

B. Note context of II Samuel 7.

1. I Samuel 13:13-14
2. Rise of David.
3. Note play on words -- term "house".
  - a. P\_\_\_\_\_ or T\_\_\_\_\_
  - b. F\_\_\_\_\_ or D\_\_\_\_\_
  - c. N\_\_\_\_\_ or K\_\_\_\_\_

C. David notes his palace and the Ark only in a tent – II Samuel 7.

1. Verse 5 –
2. Verse 7 –
3. Verse 6 –
4. I Chronicles 17:4 –
5. Verses 9-11 –
6. Verse 11 –

7. Verse 12 –

8. Verse 13 –

9. Verse 14 –

10. Verse 15 –

11. Verse 16 –

### III. Key insights.

#### A. Unconditional Promise

##### 1. Made explicit

a. Jeremiah 33:20-21

b. Psalm 89:34-37

#### B. Conditional Element

##### 1. What is required of David's Son?

a. Intriguing insights to word play to the term “house” as used in II Samuel 7.

1. More than a building.

2. It includes d\_\_\_\_\_ and o\_\_\_\_\_ on the part of the people.

##### 2. Explicitly seen in II Samuel 7:14

3. Infancy to adulthood.

- a. The Davidic covenant is revealed in infancy in II Samuel 7:13-14 while I Kings 9 demonstrates full m\_\_\_\_\_.

C. Note further the works principle being present.

1. Note once again I Kings 9:4-9

- a. If the Son of David fails, then what?

- b. Curse language – similar to M\_\_\_\_\_.

- c. See II Kings 21:1-12. Manasseh's sin spells trouble for the people.

D. Two patterns emerge

1. The P\_\_\_\_\_ of the king determines the P\_\_\_\_\_ of the P\_\_\_\_\_.

- a. Examples Positive and Negative

I Kings 15:11

I Kings 15:3

- b. When disobedience occurs another line is added – I Kings 15:4.

IV. Note the Psalms.

A. Psalm 2

B. Psalm 16

C. Psalm 110

V. The waiting for the New Testament

A. When will another king like David arise?

1. Psalm 132:13-18

B. Opening of the New Testament

Luke 1:32-33

Matthew 21:5

John 18:36

I Corinthians 6:19

Ephesians 2:20-22

I Peter 2:5